UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY Action No. 2:11-cv-07296(KSH)(PS)

NATALIE A. WILLIAMS and ALAN J. SETNESKA, individually and on

behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

PRESSLER & PRESSLER, LLC,

Defendant.

DEPOSITION OF:

STEVEN P. MC CABE

T R A N S C R I P T of the

proceedings as taken stenographically by and before ANN P. CONLON, a Notary Public and Certified Court Reporter of the State of New Jersey, at the offices of Pressler & Pressler, 7 Entin Road, Parsippany, New Jersey, on Friday, October 12, 2012, commencing at 3:45 p.m.

ANN P. CONLON
Certified Court Reporter
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1 APPEARANCES: PHILIP D. STERN, ESQ. 697 Valley Street Maplewood, NJ 07040 973.379.7500 ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFFS PRESSLER & PRESSLER 7 Entin Road Parsippany, NJ 070 973.753.5100 BY: MITCHELL WILLIAMSON, ESQ. MICHAEL J. PETERS, ESQ. ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANT

I N D E X WITNESS: MARKO GALIC EXAMINATION BY: PAGE Mr. Stern E X H I B I T S NUMBER DESCRIPTION PAGE none marked REQUESTS FOR DOCUMENTS/INFORMATION PAGE - LINE none

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1	STEVEN MC CABE,	1	complaint?	
2	having been duly sworn according	2	A. Yes, I have.	
3	to law, testified as follows:	3	Q. So you have an understanding as to	
4			what the lawsuit generally is about?	
5	MR. WILLIAMSON: Before we start, I'm	5	A. Yes, I do.	
6	going to make a similar comment as I made at the	6	Q. Where did you attend law school?	
7	beginning of the prior deposition, and I believe Mr.	7	A. I went to Rutgers Law School in	
8	McCabe is here in response to the order on informal	8	Newark.	
9	application which we marked as P-1 dated July 5th,	9	Q. When did you graduate?	
10	2012, to discuss the matters identified in that order	10	A. I graduated in 1971.	
11	and he's not here for any other purpose. And any		Q. Are you admitted to practice in any	
12	questions which go outside, too far outside the	12	jurisdiction?	
13	guidelines set by this order will be objected to and	13	A. The Federal and State Courts of New	
14	he will be directed not to answer.	14	Jersey and the Third Circuit Court of Appeals.	
15	MR. STERN: We'll see what happens as	15	Q. Were you admitted to practice in the	
16	we go, but Mr. McCabe was identified in accordance	16	state of New Jersey shortly after your graduation	
17	with the court's direction that someone be	17	from Rutgers Law School?	
18	identified.	18	A. Yes, almost immediately after.	
19	MR. WILLIAMSON: Yes.	19	Q. Do you hold any professional or	
20	MR. STERN: I thought in terms of our	20	vocational licenses other than your admission to the	
21	discussion, because in Rule 26 disclosures Mr. Felt		bar or those courts?	
22	was also identified, and I was under the impression	22	A. No.	
23	from what we talked about that we would call Mr. Felt	23	Q. Have you participated as a panelist on	
24	only if we needed to cover matters that were not	24	any continuing legal education courses or workshops?	
25	covered by the other deponents from Pressler.	25	A. Yes.	
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1	So I thought you were indicating that	1	Q. What were the subject matter of those	
2	we probably would have everything covered between Mr.	2	workshops?	
3	McCabe and Mr. Galic, but if you're telling me now	3	A. I've been practicing since 1971, and	
4	that's not the case, maybe when we get done with this		I've had the honor to appear in seminars and	
5	we may need Mr. Felt's deposition. I didn't know you	5	workshops in many places on many subjects. Most of	
6	would take such a strict limitation. I thought Mr.		my professional career I've been involved in issues	
7	McCabe was being offered, but let's see where it		related to the extension of credit to consumers.	
8	goes. I understand he's being offered for this, but		I've lectured, I've presented workshops to the	
9	I didn't understand that that meant that this was the		National Consumer Law Center on class actions. I've	
10	exclusivity as to what he was going to testify to.		presented workshops to the New Jersey Superior Court	
11	MR. WILLIAMSON: Well, I'll certainly		judges at the yearly meetings that they have I think	
12	try to be somewhat flexible, and again, try not to		in the fall on the issue of awarding interest in	
13	object where no objection is necessary. So we'll see		judgement and non-judgement cases and the factors the	
14	what you ask before I go any further.		courts might consider.	
15	MR. STERN: Okay.	15	I think I've actually given or at	
16		16	least been a member of a panel on an FDCPA seminar,	
17	EXAMINATION BY MR. STERN:	17	but I'm not positive of that. Usually it's on	
18	Q. Mr. McCabe, my name is Philip Stern.	18	consumer credit issues and also on general	
19	I believe we've met before.	19	litigation.	
20	A. Yes, we have.	20	Q. Have you been engaged in the private	
21	Q. And I'm representing Natalie Williams,	21	practice of law as your full-time employment since	
22	formerly known as Natalie Freeman, and Alan Setneska	22	you were admitted to the bar?	
23	who have filed a lawsuit against Pressler & Pressler	23	A. Yes.	
24	for claims arising of Fair Debt Collection Practices	24	Q. Can you run through what your	
25	-		employment has been?	

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8 1 Α. Yes, I can. 1 MR. STERN: Go ahead, if it's quick. 2 Q. 2 MR. WILLIAMSON: Are you asking what Please do. 3 MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection, relevance, 3 he does as a partner or are you asking what he does 4 as an attorney here? What does he do all day? but you can answer. 5 Α. The first employment I had was with --5 That's what you really want to know, what are his 6 it was called at that time the State Office of Legal 6 activities? 7 7 Services, which was the predecessor to Legal Services Q. I do want to know what your activities 8 8 of New Jersey. At the time I worked for that are 9 department or that agency, that entity, it was 9 MR. WILLIAMSON: Not limited as a 10 located as part of the Department of Community 10 partner. 11 Affairs, so I was a state employee. 11 MR. STERN: Well, that's his position 12 My immediate supervisor and mentor 12 that he holds is a limited partner. So all his there was a Melville DeSoto Miller, who was the 13 13 activities are in connection with his position as a 14 president of LSNJ, and after working with him for a 14 limited partner. 15 year, he departed the State Office of Legal Services 15 MR. WILLIAMSON: Okay, I think we 16 and became the director of Middlesex County Legal 16 clarified it. 17 Services. I joined Middlesex County Legal Services, 17 MR. STERN: Whether it's 18 administrative, whether he's arguing in court or 18 and for the approximate next ten years I was a staff 19 attorney. And then the next made-up job title was 19 drafting documents. 20 senior staff attorney, but I represented low income 20 Q. Go ahead. 21 consumers usually, an individual. I also did quite a 21 Α. My present duties right now, what I 22 22 bit of divorce work. usually do is review payments made by the firm to 23 Then I went into private practice. I 23 clients and vendors, review checks that are written, 24 and after I review them I sign them if I approve. 24 spent a year with my private practice in Westfield, 25 New Jersey. I then became a partner in a law firm in 25 I work with groups of paralegals. 1 Jersey City, Miller, Menaker & McCabe. The next firm 1 When I say groups, I work with a number of individual 2 I joined was also as an associate, Mackenzie, Welt, 2 paralegals who answer letters and phone calls from 3 Duane & Maher. They're what's generally known as a debtors, and I review the files with those 4 banking firm in Elizabeth, New Jersey. paralegals, sign the letters as drafted, don't sign 5 And after that I became associated 5 the letters as drafted, try to set up general formats 6 6 with and then joined this firm to the present date. for responding to the letters. 7 Q. And what year did you join this firm? 7 8 Α. I'm going to think out loud, if you 8 9 don't mind. My youngest son was born in '84 and it 9 10 was November of '84, so it was February of '85 is my 10 11 approximate recollection. 11

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Q.

Α.

Q.

Α.

Q.

Q.

as a limited partner?

you do as a limited partner?

partner.

Pressler & Pressler?

What positions have you held at

Currently you're a limited partner?

What services do you provide currently

MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection, relevance.

MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection, relevance.

Basically, what do you do? What do

That's correct.

Do you want me to explain to you why I'm objecting

and maybe you can clarify? It might help.

I take part in meetings every week to review the smooth operations of the office, to review any issues that there are regarding changes of law, changes of procedure. I spend quite a bit of time keeping up with recent developments in consumer 12 credit law. 13 I guess in general terms that's what I 14 do. Two positions, associate and limited 15 Q. Are you involved in the management of 16 any particular debt collection cases?

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MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection.

Q. Do you understand the question?

19 Α. Yes, I do.

20 MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm going to withdraw 21 the objection.

22 Α. Could you read back the question? 23 (The question is read by the reporter.)

Only in a -- if I can explain it to you or make it clear, only in a consultive fashion.

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1 I don't appear in court anymore. I actually -- I

- 2 probably appear in court less than once a month now.
- 3 Previously to becoming a limited partner, I appeared
- 4 in court the overwhelming majority of days of the
- 5 week.
- 6 You may recall that you and I met on a
- 7 day when the courts were closed, downtown New
- 8 Brunswick was vacant, but you and I were doing an
- arbitration. We spent a lot of time involved in a 9
- 10 lot of cases.
- 11 I do not appear in court. I counsel
- 12 usually younger attorneys, although not always
- younger attorneys on what we consider -- that is to 13
- 14 say what I consider to be best practices in handling
- 15 a particular case due to, you know, related to the
- 16 legal issues, related to the factual issues, relating
- 17 to the way an attorney evaluates a case, how to
- 18 relate to a client. That's what I do.
- Q. 19 And you also are involved in setting
- 20 policies and procedures with respect to either the
- 21 management of the office or the handling of cases?
- 22 Α. Within the parameters I discussed,
- 23 since I've been employed at this firm, it's gone from
- approximately 40 total employees to at one time 24
- reaching nearly 370 I think at one time. Then we 25

 - became smaller.

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- 2 But as you might imagine, the
- 3 organization of the office just becomes a more
- 4 critical issue, to get things done uniformly, and if
- 5 I could use a term that I don't like to use, but to
- make sure that we always focus on what are often
- 7 called best practices.
- 8 So in a limited sense, to answer your
- 9 question, yes, I do, and in a general sense it's to
- 10 what is that role. The role is to bring to people's
- 11 attention that there is an exact -- there is a
- general format that we file in many, many areas, 12
- 13 whether it's a document template or a set of
- 14 procedures or a checklist or something else, that we
- 15 stick to the path as much as possible.
- 16 One of the things we found to be very
- 17 important is that we explain to people why they do 18
- it, because it's been our experience that people can 19
- pay attention to an issue better if they understand 20 exactly what the ramifications of the issue is.
- 21 I'm sorry for being so long-winded.
- 22 Q. No, I think it was responsive to the
- 23 question, so thank you.
- 24 So would you agree that in the
- 25 management of a practice of this type that you have

- 1 to put in play certain templates, forms, checklists,
- the kind of things you talked about in order to
- 3 effectively manage the practice?
 - Α. Yes.
 - MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection to form.
- 6 Q. Have you reviewed any documents in
- 7 preparation for your deposition?
 - A. Yes, I have.
 - Q. What have you looked at?
 - Α. I've looked at the complaint file against us and the letter which I believe is an
- 11 12 exhibit to the complaint.
- 13 Q. Let me ask you, do you know if you
- looked at the complaint or there was an amended 14
- 15 complaint? Do you recall?
- I can't remember that, to be honest 16 A.
- 17 with you.
 - Q. Do you recall whether the complaint
- 19 involved one plaintiff or two plaintiffs?
- 20 Α. When I reviewed it -- is it Mr. or
- 21 Mrs. Setneska?
- 22 Q. It's Mister.
 - A. I don't believe he had.
 - Q. So it was the complaint as opposed to
- the amended complaint, fine. 25

We'll start with showing you what

- 2 we've already marked as P-2 and P-3.
- MR. WILLIAMSON: Time out. Off the 3
- 4 record.
 - (A discussion is held off the record.)
- 6 To the best of your knowledge, P-2 and
- 7 P-3 are copies of letters that Pressler & Pressler
- 8 sent?
 - Α. Ves
 - Q. And each of the letters bear a date.
- 11 Do you see those?
 - A. Yes. P-2 bears the date of 11/1/2010
- 13 and P-3 bears the date of April 14th, 2011.
- Q. 14 Are those letters based upon a 15
 - template or a form?
 - Α. Yes.
- 17 Q. In your office, do you refer to them
- 18 as templates or do you refer to them as forms? I
- 19 want to use whatever term you're most comfortable
- 20 referring to them as.
- 21 A. The term we use internally for these 22 letters are FD letters, fair debt letters.
- 23 Q. An FD letter is based upon a form --
- 24 Α. Correct, that's correct.
 - Q. -- that's utilized?

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		16		18	
1		I'm now showing you P-4 and P-5. Are	1	Q. Okay. Who approved the use of the	
2	you familiar w	ith those documents?	2	document?	
3	A.	Yes.	3	A. I did.	
4	Q.	Is P-4 based upon a template?	4	Q. Do you know when you approved the use	
5	A.	Yes.	5	of the document?	
6	Q.	Is P-5 based on the same template as	6	A. I know it was in 2009. I can't	
7	P-4?		7	remember the exact date.	
8	A.	I have to say that, amazingly, I can't	8	Q. What was your understanding of the	
9	answer that question, or at least amazingly to me,			function that the settlement letter was to be used	
10	because if I can refer to them as the Freeman			for at the time when you approved it?	
11	letters, both have an aspect to them asking not			A. The reason the letter is drafted is to	
12	asking, but it has an individual's first name and			offer to consumers, or to debtors as they are in	
13	then the initial as their last name. The Setneska		13	these instances, an offer of settlement whereby they	
14	letters do no	t, but that important detail aside,	14	can resolve a claim against them for less than the	
15	they're prob	ably the identical form.	15	full value, and it also has a follow-up design, which	
16	Q.	So the best you're able to tell as you	16	is to be a reminder to the debtor that this is the	
17	sit here today	, they're the same form?	17	procedure that's there and sometimes hopefully will	
18	A.	Yes.	18	be a reminder that they can resolve the matter in a	
19	Q.	P-4 and P-5 are based upon the same	19	mutually agreeable fashion if that's their wish.	
20	form?		20	Q. Was it your understanding that the	
21	A.	Yes.	21	settlement letter would be used under particular	
22		MR. WILLIAMSON: Oh, I see. This is	22	circumstances?	
23	not here. Tha	t's the difference.	23	A. Yes.	
24		MR. STERN: I see, okay.	24	Q. What were those circumstances?	
25		MR. WILLIAMSON: Do you want to say	25	A. These circumstances are simple and it	
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		17		19	
1	for the record	what the difference is?	1	really is explained by the informal name we give to	
1 2	for the record		1 2		
	Α.	what the difference is?		really is explained by the informal name we give to	
2	A. Freeman's le	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie	2	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement	
2	A. Freeman's le fragment tha	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence	2	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can	
2 3 4	A. Freeman's le fragment tha paragraphs,	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence at's after the first three full	2 3 4	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain	
2 3 4 5	A. Freeman's lefragment that paragraphs, Extension 53	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence et's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal,	2 3 4 5	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various	
2 3 4 5 6	A. Freeman's leftragment that paragraphs, Extension 53	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence et's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal,	2 3 4 5 6	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a settled agreement.	
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Freeman's lefragment that paragraphs, Extension 53	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence at's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal, 668." That same sentence fragment is on	2 3 4 5 6 7	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Freeman's leftragment that paragraphs, Extension 53 P-2. Q.	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence at's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal, 668." That same sentence fragment is on	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a settled agreement.	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Freeman's lefragment that paragraphs, Extension 53 P-2. Q. P-5? A. in them.	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence at's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal, 668." That same sentence fragment is on And would you contrast that to P-3 and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a settled agreement. Q. Let's just try to hone down a little	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. Freeman's lefragment that paragraphs, Extension 53 P-2. Q. P-5? A. in them. Q. A.	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie exter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence ext's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal, 168." That same sentence fragment is on And would you contrast that to P-3 and Yes, they do not have that single line Which identifies the paralegal? Yes.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a settled agreement. Q. Let's just try to hone down a little bit on the post-suit prejudgement. So to be more particular, a post-suit would be after a lawsuit has been instituted, correct? A. That's correct.	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A. Freeman's leftragment that paragraphs, Extension 53 P-2. Q. P-5? A. in them. Q. A. Q. letter. A.	what the difference is? I'll try again, excuse me. Natalie etter dated 1/12/11 says in a sentence et's after the first three full "Thank you, Kevin V Paralegal, 168." That same sentence fragment is on And would you contrast that to P-3 and Yes, they do not have that single line Which identifies the paralegal? Yes. P-2 and P-3 you referred to as the FD	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	really is explained by the informal name we give to this letter. This is a post-suit prejudgement settlement letter. Both of these documents, if I can refer to them, bear a docket number. They contain the amount of the claim and then they give various methods of payment should the debtor wish to call our office and settle it, so to change a lawsuit into a settled agreement. Q. Let's just try to hone down a little bit on the post-suit prejudgement. So to be more particular, a post-suit would be after a lawsuit has been instituted, correct? A. That's correct. Q. A prejudgement would be before the court made a determination as to the merits of the case? A. That is correct.	
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good.

1 Q. Was it intended that the settlement 2 letter be used after the complaint had been filed but 3 before there had been service of process?

5 reference to that in the letter, just because so many things happen in litigation that we formed this over 6 7 time. We say, "As you probably know, this office has 8 filed a lawsuit." Our assumption is that they have 9 been served. It wouldn't make much sense to send the 10 letter and let it be the first thing. We probably 11 received at least a return of service from the court 12 through whatever method.

No. As a matter of fact, there's a

So the answer to your question I think is no, we wouldn't send it before the service, we would wait for a period of time.

16 Q. Would it be sent after there's been 17 service or process but before the defendant has filed a response to the complaint? 18

19 Α. Yes. I mean, that wasn't the 20 mandatory criteria, but yes, it would be.

21 O That is a possible use of the settlement letter? 22

23 Α. Yes.

24 Q. From the discovery responses, my

understanding is something like 75 of these letters 25

went out in a period of a little more than a year.

2 Is it fair to say that 75 represents a very small

3 percentage of the number of cases that your firm

4 files?

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5 Α. Yes.

Q. 6 And I think it was also limited, that 7 number was limited to cases that were filed on behalf 8 of New Century Financial. So would it also be fair 9 to say that the 75 represents a relatively small 10 percentage of the cases that your office files on 11 behalf of New Century?

> Α. That's correct.

Q. 13 How was it decided which cases would 14 receive a settlement letter?

15 Α. I was not able to determine that. I 16 couldn't gather a pattern, to be very honest with 17 you. I made an inquiry, but I couldn't decide how 18 one particular file receives a letter and another 19 particular file didn't. I was able to see what our 20 exact -- if you think of it or to clarify for you,

21 because of the huge number of cases we file every

22 year, we do things assisted by a computer program or

23 I guess a number of computer programs.

24 The criteria were that the file 25

contained a docket number, which obviously we could

not have until a suit was filed. We have a field or 1 2 an entry for the residence of the debtor, which we refer to as the HA or home address, and that is continually monitored routinely to be good or no 4

6 And the last thing, we have a field 7 for judgement, which is a very complicated field. 8 It's the amount the judgement was entered for, the 9 amount of the particular costs that were added either 10 by application to the court or through the court 11 granting it itself.

So we needed a good home, that is the street address, we needed a docket number, and we needed no judgement. And then there was one other field that I was able to determine, and that field is that there was not an attorney on the file. I can speculate as to why we did that, but from my experience here, the attorney/non-attorney would not be a reason the letter would be sent or not sent.

So with all of that being said, the answer to your question is no, I could not determine how it was that that number was filed or mailed.

Explain to me a little more, the no attorney on file field, that was a criterion in order for someone to be able to use this letter?

Α. Yes. In other words, if someone

2 directed that a settlement letter be sent, it would

3 not be sent if the party had an attorney.

> Q. If the defendant --

5 Α. The debtor, yes.

6 Q. Okav.

Α. We enter a code for every attorney who ever contacts the office, whether by phone only or in writing, and again, the computer terminology, it populates a field for the file, and if that field was

populated, the letters didn't go out on that. 11 12 Q.

Was the sending of the letter 13 determined by a computer program that was set up with 14 certain parameters obviously or criteria or was there 15 a human who made a decision as to each letter as to 16 whether it would go?

Α. My investigation led me to conclude that it was done on an ad hoc basis by an employee of our firm.

20 Q. What level of employee made that decision? 21

22 Α. I believe it was done at the paralegal 23

24 Q.

level.

A. Although it may have been one step up,

- 1 which to be very honest with you, even though I 2 attended so many meetings, it was either a manager or 3 a supervisor.
 - Q. On the paralegal level?
- Α. 5 Yes, on the paralegal level.
 - Q. Have you looked at the 75 instances
- where the letter was sent? 7
- 8 Α. No, I haven't.
- Q. 9 So you don't have any knowledge as to
- 10 the circumstances that the other letters were sent,
- 11 other than the two in this case?
- 12 Α. No. I -- no. The answer to your
- 13 question is no.

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- 14 Q. I'll ask the next question which
- 15 you're going to tell me you don't know, which is
- 16 fine. So you don't know whether the letter was sent
- 17 to any of those 75 prior to them filing an answer to
- 18 the complaint?
- 19 MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection.
- 20 Q. Or stated the other way around, do you
- 21 know whether any of those 75 were sent prior to the
- recipient's file of an answer? 22
- 23 Α. Because I didn't look at the 75, I
- 24 cannot answer that question.
- 25 Q. Okay. Is that information that your
- 25

- 1 office would have?
- 2 Α. Well --
- 3 MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection to form.
- Q. 4 The information as to whether the
- 5 letter was sent prior to the filing of an answer.
- 6 MR. WILLIAMSON: Okav.
- Α. 7 If I can answer it as precisely as I
- 8 can, I don't think we could perform a computer search
- 9 that could do that, but if someone spent the time to
- 10 look at the list, if a list was sent to you, someone
- 11 could review the list and I think could determine
- 12 what person decided to send it and very often under
- 13 what circumstances.
- 14 One of the things that we attempt to
- 15 do, and, parenthetically, I mentioned it at a meeting
- 16 and I mentioned it to an attorney today, is that when
- 17 our office, when any office such as ours is involved
- 18 in so many activities every day at so many levels,
- 19 it's very important to document what happens. And to
- 20 quote one of the partners here, the time to do it is
- 21 now, not later.
- 22 So every file, I believe, if someone
- 23 took the time to look at each one, I think every
- 24 file, we might be able to determine the
- 25 circumstances. But the answer is no.

- Did you ask me could it be done or has
- 2 it been done?

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- 3 Q. No, whether you have the information,
- 4 whether you have the records that you could
- 5 determine.
- 6 Α. We have every file in our office. It
- 7 consists of both pieces of paper and also computer
- 8 records and images. There would be indicators in the
- 9 file that would lead us to pretty accurately
- 10 determine why it was sent on a given case, why that
- letter was used. 11
- 12 Q. I think you went a little broader,
- 13 which is fine, but I was asking whether there are
- 14 records to reflect whether or not the letter was sent
- 15 after an answer had been filed. So I assume from
- 16 your answer that you just gave, yes, those records
- 17 would exist. It could be looked up and may have to
- 18 be on a case-by-case basis rather than running a
- 19 computer search.
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. Have you seen the declaration of Eman
- 22 Hendricks, an expert that was retained by plaintiffs
- 23 in this case?

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- Α. To be precise, I believe I may have
- 25
- had it read to me rather than actually physically

reading it myself, but I am aware that there's an expert report supplied by the plaintiffs.

- 3 Q. Okay. Did you also review the answer
 - that was filed by your office?
 - Α. I did not.
- 6 Q. The decision as to whether to send the 7 settlement letter, is that made entirely by someone
- 8 working at Pressler & Pressler as opposed to, to give
- 9 us a contrast, as opposed to input from the client?
- 10 Α. I believe your question is asked in general terms, and the general answer to that
- 12 question is maybe yes, maybe no.
- 13 Q. My understanding from having taken Mr.
- 14 Galic's testimony earlier is that, at least with
- 15 respect to New Century, that the discretion over
- 16 sending letters such as P-4 and P-5 is left to your
- 17 office. Is your understanding consistent with his? 18 Α. That's entirely believable. In other
- 19 words, if Marko said it's so, it is so. We have 20 clients that --
- 21 MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm going to object
- 22 there. I think that's limited to New Century. What
- 23 other clients I don't think is appropriate to discuss 24 at this point.
 - MR. STERN: I don't think it's

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- appropriate that you object to your own witness's
 testifying. He's responding to a question. You can
 object to a question. You can't object to his
- 4 testimony.
- **5** MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm objecting to the
- 6 question.
- **7** MR. STERN: I'm not going to go
- 8 further. I'm not saying that I needed to know about
- 9 anybody beyond New Century, but I think it's
- 10 inappropriate to --
- **11** MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm trying not to
- 12 interrupt. I'm trying to let you ask the questions
- 13 and really, I mean, I think as I said, I think some
- **14** are outside, but I'm trying not to.
- **15** MR. STERN: I understand that,
- **16** particularly under the circumstances where the
- 17 defendant is pro se, but in particular, I think it's
- 18 wholly inappropriate to object to a witness's
- **19** testimony while they're testifying. You can object
- 20 to questions.
- 21 MR. WILLIAMSON: No, I think that you
- 22 would agree with me that when a witness -- I know,
- 23 I've seen you do it -- that when a witness is
- 24 starting to get into an area where you think it might
- 25 be privileged information, you'll caution the witness
 - 29
- 1 to not go further. The witness may not realize, and
- 2 I think this is the same instance where the witness
- 3 may not realize that he's getting into an area that
- 4 he shouldn't be.
- **5** MR. STERN: I didn't hear you object
- 6 that he was about to reveal something that was
- **7** privileged.
- 8 MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm using that as an
- 9 example.
- MR. STERN: And I think if you're the
- 11 examiner, you can interrupt a witness's testimony if
- 12 you feel the response is not responsive. But for you
- 13 to interrupt your own witness who is here who is not
- **14** responding is not appropriate.
- **15** MR. WILLIAMSON: I stand by the
- 16 objection, but since you don't feel that it's that
- 17 critical --
- 18 MR. STERN: I just don't want it to
- **19** continue. That's the reason why I'm saying
- **20** something.
- 21 MR. WILLIAMSON: I'm trying not to.
- **Q.** Let's focus, if we can, on the second
- 23 paragraph of both P-4 and P-5.
- 24 A. I've read the second paragraph of both
- 25 letters.

- 1 Q. Are you aware that one of the claims
- 2 in this case is that language contained within the
- 3 second paragraph violates the Fair Debt Collection
- 4 Practices Act?
 - A. Yes.
- **Q.** Are you aware that it relates
- 7 specifically to language that deals with proposing
- 8 that the recipient send the letter, the copy of the
- **9** letter that's sent to the court to the credit
- 10 bureaus?

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- A. Yes.
- **Q.** So I'd like to focus a little bit more
- 13 on them. We agree that P-4 and P-5, the paragraph is14 identical?
 - A. Yes. The only change that I saw in my quick review is the 75/25 and the other is 80/20.
- 17 Q. But in terms of the amounts that's18 being offered.
- **19** MR. WILLIAMSON: Right.
- **Q.** Certainly the first two sentences are identical.
 - A. Yes.
- 23 Q. So the first sentence states that if
- 24 the payment proposed in the first paragraph is
 - received by the date indicated, that payment will
 - satisfy the lawsuit, the pending lawsuit, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- **Q.** And if that event occurs, if the
- 4 payment is made, the next sentence goes on to say
- 5 that proof that the debt has been paid will be sent
- 6 to the court.
 - A. Correct.
- **Q.** You will agree the letter does not
- 9 identify what that proof consists of, but it consists10 of something.
- 11 A.
 - A. That is correct.
- **Q.** And a copy, meaning a copy of the
- proof, correct?A.
 - A. That's correct.
- **Q.** To you, meaning it's being sent to the debtor.
- 16 deptor.

- A. Correct.
- **Q.** And the last clause, so that you can advise the credit bureau, it's saying that one
- 20 purpose of sending you that proof is so that that
- 21 proof can be sent to the credit bureau, correct?
- 22 A. That is correct.
- 23 Q. So having broken down the sentence,
- 24 I'd like to go back a little bit and see if I can
 - find out if there's some content to what that proof

		32		
1	consists of.	I haven't asked you a question yet.		
2	A.	Good. I thought maybe I dozed off fo		
3	a second.			
4	Q.	I want to make sure you understand		
5	what I'm focusing on.			
6	A.	Yes.		
7	Q.	Do you have an understanding as to		
8	what that proof consists of?			
9	A.	Yes.		

10 Q. What's your understanding?

11 A. A stipulation of dismissal.

Q. Anything else?

13 A. That's the document that

overwhelmingly will demonstrate to the clerk of the
 court that the matter has been ended, that the

16 lawsuit has been resolved. So I quite frankly, in a

17 post-suit prejudgement settlement letter, I can't

18 imagine what the document would be other than a

19 stipulation of dismissal, although I'm quite

20 confident that there might be something else. But

21 that's the only one that comes to my mind.

Q. Okay. I think you said it was 2009

23 when you approved this?

A. I believe I said 2009.

Q. In 2009, did it contain the language

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1 in the first two sentences in the second paragraph?

A. Yes.

Q. Was there a previous form of this

4 letter in 2009?

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5 A. Yes.

Q. Do you know whether the language inthe first two sentences came from the prior version

8 or whether that was new language?

9 A. I'm sorry, but I can't recall that.

10 In my review of the letter at the time, and even

11 currently, I was focusing on other issues. I can't

12 recall whether those particular two sentences were

13 in.

14 Q. Okay. The settlement letter was

15 intended to be sent on behalf of the firm?

16 A. Correct, on behalf of our firm's 17 client.

Q. On behalf of the firm's client but

19 from the firm.

20 A. That's correct.

Q. So on behalf of the firm, the firm had

22 I guess collectively some intent as to what these

23 words were to mean.

24 A. Yes

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Q. Was there an intent in the last phrase

of that second sentence? "So that you can advise the

2 credit bureau," was there an intent that that act of

3 advising the credit bureau would provide some benefit

4 to the defendant from having settled in accordance

5 with the terms of the letter?

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MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection to form.

Q. You can answer.

MR. WILLIAMSON: I don't understand

9 it, but okay, if he understands it.

10 Α. This firm has been representing 11 creditors for many, many decades. We, that is to say 12 this firm realizes that when people have an unpaid 13 debt and they're involved with an attorney, very 14 often one of their concerns is what's commonly known 15 as their credit rating. For my career at this firm, 16 I speak with debtors all the time. Debtors ask me 17 legal advice about their credit rating. If it's not 18 legal advice I guess it's personal advice.

And I've always been in the unfortunate position of saying, I can't really give you guidance about it, but we know that this is a subject that's of interest to debtors and we've put it in. The general reason this letter is sent is to resolve a lawsuit.

Q. That's your answer?

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A. That's my answer.

Q. You identified that the proof that thedebt has been paid will be sent to the court can

4 consist of a stipulation of settlement --

A. Stipulation of dismissal.

Q. Stipulation of dismissal. And in
accordance with this letter, a copy of the
stipulation of dismissal would be sent to the

9 defendant.

A. That's correct.

11 Q. And then the defendant would take that 12 copy and send it to the credit bureau.

13 A. They're able to so that you can. You 14 are able to.

Q. Right. Without trying to be silly, but there's plenty of things they can do with a stipulation of dismissal. This letter identified one particular thing they can do with it?

A. Yes.

Q. Which is to advise the credit bureau.

21 A. That's correct.

Q. I would presume, I'm asking you to confirm or deny, that by stating that you can advise the credit bureau, the intent was to let the defendant believe that the stipulation of dismissal

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- 1 being sent to the credit bureau would benefit the
- 2 consumer in some way.
- 3 MR. WILLIAMSON: Objection. You're
- 4 asking him to speculate what might be in somebody's
- 5 mind?

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- MR. STERN: I'm not speculating.
- 7 Q. Can you confirm or deny that that was
- 8 what was intended?
- 9 A. Would you please read back the 10 question?
- 11 (The question is read by the reporter.)
- 12 Α. Please excuse my long silence in not 13 answering or my hesitation. I wonder if you could 14 rephrase the question for me.
- 15 Sure. A stipulation of dismissal 16 received by a defendant who has complied with the
- 17 settlement terms in this letter. A.
- Q. 19 That defendant can do any of numerous
- 20 things with that stipulation of dismissal, one of
- 21 which is sending it to the credit bureau.

Yes.

- 22 Α. That's correct.
- 23 Q. The letter here only mentions sending
- 24 it to the credit bureau.
- 25 Α. That's correct.

- 37
- 1 Q. I presume that when this letter was
- 2 approved that there was some intent as to why you
- 3 identified that option of the plethora of other
- 4 options that a defendant had of what they could do
- 5 with the stipulation of dismissal, and that's why the
- 6 letter states that you can advise the credit bureau.
 - Α. If I can generally comment on the structure of the letter, it contains an offer. It
- 9 contains the words "significant savings," and it
- 10 specifically gives precise figures, 80 percent. It
- 11 gives the amount of the savings in the Setneska
- 12 letter, \$3,099.69. It is the intent of the letter to
- 13 offer incentives to settlement.
- 14 We believe that it is always of
- 15 interest to debtors that they pay the least amount of 16 money to resolve a claim against them and that they
- 17 at the end of the day always have their credit rating be as good as it can be under the circumstances.
- 19 So this is one of the options or one
- 20 of the incentives given. We don't expect people to
- 21 settle a case for no reason. We expect people to act
- 22 in their own best interest, so we suggest to them
- 23 that our client has these incentives for them, pay
- 24 less money and report it to the credit bureau.
- 25 Q. Okay. I'm going to rephrase it a

- 1 little bit and ask if you agree. So one of the
- incentives from settling is to send this information
- 3 to the credit bureau. Let me withdraw it.
- 4 One of the incentives from settling
- 5 would be sending the stipulation of dismissal to the
- 6 credit bureau?
- 7 Α. The exact words of it is "so that you
- can." It's to suggest to them that that is an 8
- 9 option. You said there was a plethora of things they
- 10 could do with it, the stipulation of dismissal, and I
- 11 don't mean to be disrespectful in any way. I can't
- 12 think of many uses for it except to show that a debt
- 13 has been paid. And sending the letter to the
- 14 consumer credit reporting agencies will show that a
- 15 debt has been paid.

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- Q. Okay. Α. The letters also -- there's no
- 18 question, we say in the letter, we give the exact
- 19 account. We give the Citibank for Mr. Setneska's
- 20 letter, which is P-5, we give Citibank, South Dakota,
- 21 account number such and such.
- 22 Q.
- And in P-4, there's similar
- 23 information with respect to Ms. Freeman's account. 24 Α. That's correct.
- 25 Q.
 - So I may have had a hard time getting
 - there, but I think there's no dispute here that the
- 2 intent of the language regarding the ability of the
- 3 consumer to send the letter to the credit bureau is
- that that information would benefit the defendant
- 5 with respect to whatever information is on their
- 6 credit reports.
 - MR. WILLIAMSON: Asked and answered,
- 8 objection. Read back his last answer. I think he
- 9 answered that.
 - MR. STERN: Well, asked and answered,
- it's an objection. If he can answer the question, 11
- 12 let him answer the question.
- 13 A. I can save sometime if you'll allow 14 me. My undergraduate degree was in English and my
- 15 legal career involves not only trying cases and doing 16 appeals but also writing the brief that goes along
- 17 with that. And I think that my answer, I tried to be
- 18 very precise with my answer and I hope the way it was 19 phrased answers it.
- 20 Okay. Do you have any experience 21 either with litigation or studying the Fair Credit
- 22 Reporting Act?
- 23 A. Yes, but that is -- yes, but I must 24 advise you that my experience is much less than what
 - the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act is. I'm aware

25

24

25

provides with respect to an account?

That's how the term is generally used.

cases where that is the case. Very often it's shown

in the credit report itself. I think, if I can do it

- 1 from very vague recollection, it's something like
- 2 this account has been transferred to a subsequent
- buyer, and I think on the other end it may say this 3
- 4 is a purchased account.

5 I think the credit reporting agencies

6 go under a protocol, consumer credit reporting

- agencies go under a protocol that benefits consumers
- 8 and creditors. They always say that their sole
- 9 purpose is to give a precise view of what occurred.
- 10 And I think they do it because they don't want to
- 11 show multiple -- they don't want to have the same
- 12 debt showing multiple times. So I do believe.
- 13 Q. So your understanding is that by
- 14 reviewing a credit report where there have been sales
- of a particular account, that you could match up the 15
- full progeny, the full chain of ownership? And so, 16
- 17 therefore, whatever is reflected on New Century, you
- 18 could go back upstream and apply that?
- 19 Α. Yes, that's exactly correct.
- 20 O. I just want to show you what's been
- 21 marked as P-7 and -- actually, P-8. Start with P-8.
- 22 You can check, but when we had Marko's deposition I
- 23 think we stipulated that P-7 is simply the enclosures
- 24 in P-8.

7

- 25 MR. WILLIAMSON: For the record, just
 - 45
- 1 to cut to the chase, P-8 is a letter sent by me to
- **2** Mr. Stern and to the court, and the last sentence
- 3 reads, "I have also enclosed a copy of the documents
- 4 sent to court when the matter is settled," and those
- 5 documents were previously identified as P-7. And
- it's been stipulated that those are the documents
- 7 attached to my letter and those are examples of what
- 8 I just said.
- 9 A. I have P-7 and P-8 before me.
- 10 Q. And you heard your counsel's
- 11 representation with respect to what those documents
- 12 are?

13

- A. Yes, I did.
- 14 Q. And I think you'll see, if you look
- 15 through -- I believe there are four pages in P-7,
- 16 that one of those things is a sample stipulation of
- 17 dismissal?
- 18 MR. WILLIAMSON: No. For the record,
- 19 there is --
- 20 MR. STERN: Let him identify them.
- 21 MR. WILLIAMSON: All right. Identify
- 22 each document for the record, please.
- 23 Α. I can't help myself, I'm trying to
- 24 make sure every letter is correct. The first one is
- 25 what we call in our office a settlement letter. It's

- 1 a letter to the clerk of the court on a certain case,
- which has been redacted, advising the clerk, there's
- a cc at the bottom, I assume that the cc is to the
- defendant, advising the clerk that the matter
- 5 previously scheduled for a certain trial date has
 - been settled.

7 It then goes on to give more

- information. The stipulation of settlement, which 8
- 9 advises the clerk that there is a stipulation of
- 10 settlement, has been forwarded to our adversary for
- 11 signature. Upon receipt of a fully executed
- 12 stipulation of settlement, it will be forwarded to
- 13 the clerk. This letter serves the function of
- 14 advising the clerk that a case no longer has to be
- 15 listed for trial.

16

- The next letter is a cover letter,
- 17 which may or may not be on the identical case,
- 18 sending such stipulation of settlement to the debtor 19 is what has always been described to me as a
- 20 transmittal letter. I dictate "Please do a
- 21 transmittal letter. Enclosed please find original
- 22 and two copies of the stipulation of settlement."
- 23 The next paragraph says, "Kindly sign 24
 - the original and copy or mark with an X." It recites
- 25 that we've supplied a postage paid envelope and it
 - 47
 - stresses something. Again, "We feel as best
- 2 practices, the immediate return is necessary even if
- 3 your payment may not be due until a future date. If
- you fail to return it, we will have to continue with
- 5 our collection efforts. Please keep the last copy
- 6 for your records."
- 7 So we have settlement notice to the
- 8 court, a copy of the stipulation of settlement to the
- 9 debtor. I see that the next document bears the same
- 10 balance as the first, i.e. 667.37. This is the
- stipulation of settlement, the signature of our 11
- 12 associate attorney Rita E. Ayoub has been, quote,
- 13 slash, unquote or conformed. That is to say it says
- 14 S slash. I believe that that goes back to the days
- 15 before they had photocopies and that stood for
- 16 signed, and then the copy below is or a line slightly
- 17 below that and to the side is February blank, 2012,
- 18 it bears the X reflected in the transmittal letter.
- 19 And by the fact that it has three lines, I presume it
- 20 gives the debtor's address, and the last is a warrant
- 21 for satisfaction of judgement on which, by the way,
- 22 for what it's worth, apparently something happened to
- 23 the settlement, because instead of a stipulation of
- 24 dismissal, we filed a warrant of satisfaction of 25 judgement, which would normally not be done.

50 1 CERTIFICATE OF OFFICER 2 3 I, ANN P. CONLON, a Notary Public and 4 Certified Court Reporter of the State of New Jersey, 5 do hereby certify that prior to the commencement of 6 the examination, the witness was duly sworn by me. 7 8 I DO FURTHER CERTIFY that the 9 foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the 10 testimony as taken stenographically by and before me 11 at the time, place, and on the date hereinbefore set 12 forth. 13 I DO FURTHER CERTIFY that I am neither 14 a relative nor employee, nor attorney or counsel to 15 any of the parties involved, that I am neither 16 related to nor employed by such attorney or counsel, 17 and that I am not financially interested in the outcome of the action. 18 19 20 21 22 23 NOTARY PUBLIC OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY

My Commission Expires: 2/3/16

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Α. 4 Yes, I do know, and the answer is yes, 5 it has been. Q. Do you know the date when that became 6 effective? 7 8 Α. No. 9 MR. STERN: We're done. 10 11 (The deposition is concluded at 5:12 p.m.) 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24